

ENGLISH

SUMMARY OF THE LOCAL STAKEHOLDER CONSULTATION MEETING IN KENYA CONDUCTED BETWEEN 14th APRIL AND 18th SEPTEMBER 2026 BY ECOA CLIMATE CAPITAL

Introduction

ECOQ Climate Capital (ECC) is inviting stakeholders to review the outcomes of the Local Stakeholder Consultations that took place between 14th September 2026 and 18th September 2026 in Nairobi, Kisumu and Mombasa Counties, Kenya. During the stakeholder meetings, ECC introduced its clean cookstove Carbon Project Activities which entails dissemination of highly efficient improved cookstoves in the Republic of Kenya. The Voluntary Project Activities (VPAs) will be included under the Gold Standard Programme of Activities (PoA): “ECC_Multi-country Electric Clean Cooking Programme”

MINUTES OF THE MEETINGS:

Registration:

Participants arrived and were asked to sign the attendance list. Participants who could not attend the meeting physically participated online through the Zoho Link that had been shared earlier.

Welcome Remarks:

Participants in person were welcomed by ECC team leads for all the meetings. Introductions of the present participants were done for both the physical Meetings and those who had joined online. The purpose of the meeting and the agenda were explained to the audience.

Project Presentation:

ECC staff started the presentation by explaining the project in detail; they presented the overview of ECC, the main goals of the program and its benefits for the local communities, as well as the ICS technology involved in the project. They also took time to remind the stakeholders about climate change and its causes, and they briefly explained the theory of the carbon credits, carbon markets and the development of carbon projects. ECC team took some

time to explain carefully to the stakeholders that the transfer of rights to the carbon credits generated using the stoves would be transferred to ECC as the Coordinating and Managing Entity of the entire project. The carbon waiver was demonstrated to be a formal agreement signed by the end user upon purchasing the stove. By the end user signing this Carbon Waiver Agreement they would be waiving their claims to any Verified Emission reductions generated using that stove. The purpose for this and the way in which ECC would use the revenues from the sale of the carbon credits was explained clearly in the presentation during the LSC meetings.

Questions and answers session:

Stakeholders raised many questions about the price of the ICS and its quality, as well as the expected timeline for the project and the distribution plans. They expressed a lot of interest in the involvement of the communities and more particularly the involvement of women. Stakeholders also highlighted the importance of ensuring the stoves reach the population living in informal settlements and how to reach to organized Women Groups and how they can pay in small amounts on daily/monthly basis. All these questions and comments were fully and satisfactorily answered by the project proponents.

Presentation of the Safeguarding Principles and Sustainability assessment of the project:

ECC staff explained the project's Safeguarding Principles and their assessment. The stakeholders were continuously consulted for feedback and comments, as an open discussion. The meeting continued with a presentation of the SDGs, and on the positive impacts of the project on a few specific SDGs. Participants agreed with the assessment. Questions and further comments from this session were also addressed. ECC staff presented the grievance mechanism as well as how the sustainable development impacts will be monitored.

Closure of the meeting:

The evaluation forms were then distributed to the participants. The team expressed its appreciation to all participants who attended the meeting and who offered many constructive suggestions. The meeting closed with a demonstration of the ECOA Induction Cooker.

COMMENTS RECEIVED DURING THE STAKEHOLDER MEETING

Gender of Stakeholder	Stakeholder comment	Was comment taken into account (Yes/No)?	Explanation (Why? How?)
M	How many kilowatts does the IDC use per day?	YES	The IDC has a power rating of 200W-2,000W. At maximum power the IDC consumes 2kWh per hour. Daily Consumption depends on the usage of the IDC. End users are recommended to mostly use medium and low power settings for efficient consumption.
M	If I bought the stove and relocated to a different region, will I get assistance from my new location?	Yes	Yes, you can use the stove anywhere, not necessarily the location where you bought it. You will also get assistance from your new location. This is because the project is being implemented within the entire country in the urban and peri-urban regions.
F	What happens when power goes off and I was cooking on the IDC, does it continue cooking or does it go off?	Yes	The IDC uses electricity to power it. If electricity goes off, the IDC also shuts down. Its smart technology enables the IDC to also detect high voltage and low voltage to ensure electric faults do not cause a safety risk to users
F	Beyond carbon credits, how else does the project measure impact?	Yes	The project contributes to 8 of the 17 UN Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) Among the indicators include, reduced fuel expenditure, reduced cooking time, improved health outcomes among others. Qualitative and quantitative data collected from end users indicate the

Gender of Stakeholder	Stakeholder comment	Was comment taken into account (Yes/No)?	Explanation (Why? How?)
			various benefits they get from using the stove.
M	Does the Induction Cooker use Solar?	Yes	The induction cooker itself does not directly use solar energy; it operates using electricity supplied through the household electrical system. Households using solar power may therefore need an inverter to convert the solar system's Direct Current (DC) output into AC electricity for the cooker.
F	If I pay for 2 months then miss payment, will the cost increase?	Yes	No, the initial cost of the IDC does not increase in the case of a missed payment. It only affects the repayment period which consequently increases.
M	What will be the usefulness and viability of the ECOA IDC after 7-10 years?	Yes	The IDC has a 7–10-year lifespan and can even last longer because end users are provided with 1-year warranties and access to free repair services through BURN's customer experience team and local service hubs within the warranty period and paid repair thereafter.
M	Are end users trained on how to handle the cooker in case it misbehaves?	Yes	End users receive different forms of training such as information shared at point of sale, leaflets, social media, and Household visits. In case of any challenges, customers can reach out through customer service contacts shared with them for support.
F	What challenges may people face when using ECOA IDC?	Yes	The IDC uses electricity to power it, users who are not connected to a

Gender of Stakeholder	Stakeholder comment	Was comment taken into account (Yes/No)?	Explanation (Why? How?)
			stable electric grid are not able to use the IDC.
F	What data does the IoT collect? Does it collect any personal data and how is it used?	Yes	The sensor records usage data. It can detect every time there is a cooking activity and records the time spent cooking and the power consumption. The sensor does not collect personal data and is not shared out publicly.
F	Can I get access to more pots for the IDC?	Yes	Yes, you can purchase extra pots for the IDC from BURN or from other vendors that sell ferromagnetic pots.
F	Can I buy more than one cooker?	Yes	No, every Household is only eligible to purchase 1 ECOA IDC. The Household should also not be in possession of another Improved cookstove. This is to ensure the project does not have incidents of double counting.
M	Electric cooking is not new, what have you done different for your product?	Yes	The ECOA induction cooker uses smart technology that enables the end user to adjust cooking settings on a display panel. It has enhanced safety controls such as the child lock setting. End users can track their usage and power consumption through the My ECOA app. The Pay as you cook model also makes the cooker affordable.
F	How can you verify that the safeguarding principles work in	Yes	The project will adhere to the safeguarding principle and verification for this will be done by a

Gender of Stakeholder	Stakeholder comment	Was comment taken into account (Yes/No)?	Explanation (Why? How?)
	practice and not just on paper?		certified external Verification and Validation body.
M	Can I as a businessperson partner with ECOA to sell the products?	Yes	Yes, you can partner with ECOA to be a distributor of the ECOA products. Reach out through the contacts provided for further guidance.
F	How much do I pay for deposit and how much is the daily payment for Pay as you cook?	Yes	The current pricing includes a deposit of Ksh 1,500 and daily payments of Ksh 60 for a period of 6 months. However, prices do change over time, and updates are shared on the various forums.
F	Will the carbon project reach even the people within the informal settlements who are most in need of the cooker?	Yes	Yes, the project will reach all potential users that are within the urban and peri-urban regions including those in informal settlements. This will ensure they are able to transition from the traditional biomass fuels and fossil fuels and create access to clean and efficient cookstoves.

SUMMARY OF THE ASSESSMENT OF SAFEGUARDING PRINCIPLES

It was explained during the meeting that the aim of the project is to disseminate highly efficient clean cookstoves that would reduce the amount of charcoal and firewood used by households. By this, the project would have positive social, economic, and environmental impacts. The project will follow all safeguarding principles as described in the table below

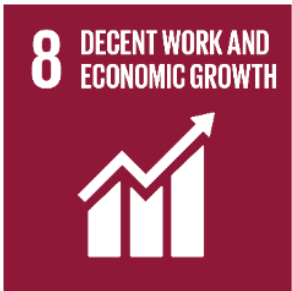
Safeguarding Principle	Assessment
Human Rights	The Project respects internationally proclaimed human rights and is not complicit in violence or human rights abuses of any kind as defined in the Universal Declaration of Human Rights. The project will not discriminate with regards to participation and inclusion.
Gender Equality and Women's Rights	The project activity does not endorse any form of discrimination based on gender. The project will take into account gender roles and the abilities of women and men to participate in the decision/design of the project activity. It will be ensured that both women/women association and men will be invited to the stakeholder consultation so that a representative number of stakeholders of both genders will be present at the local stakeholder consultation meeting.
Community Health, Safety and Working Conditions	The project will not expose the community to increased health risks and is not adversely affecting the health of the workers and the community.
Cultural Heritage, Indigenous Peoples, Displacement and Resettlement	The project activity will not have any negative impact on cultural heritage, indigenous people nor will it displace or resettle people.
Corruption	The Project doesn't involve, be complicit in or inadvertently contribute to or reinforce corruption or corrupt Projects.

Economic Impacts	The project will respect all labour rights. No negative economic consequences are expected from the project activity. On the contrary, it is expected that the project contributes to sustainable economic growth.
Climate and Energy	The project will reduce GHG emissions as will be monitored and verified in line with the carbon standard requirements
Water	The project will not affect natural water patterns/flows or cause any additional erosion and/or water body instability.
Environment, ecology and land use	The project will not have any negative impact on the environment and ecology and will not involve the use of land and soil for production of crops or other products. The release of particulate matters and carbon monoxide are significantly reduced by the introduction of improved (more efficient) cookstoves.

The assessment process was interactive and participative. The stakeholders fully agreed with the assessment done by ECC.

This Project is to contribute to different Sustainable Development Goals (SDGs) in the following way:

SDGs	Targets	Proposed monitoring Indicator
	1.4 By 2030, ensure that all men and women, the poor and the vulnerable, have equal rights to economic resources, as well as access to basic services, ownership and control over land and other forms of property, inheritance, natural resources, appropriate new technology and financial services, including microfinance.	Monetary savings related to the purchase of charcoal Surveys will be carried out to check on the money spent for purchasing charcoal in the project scenario compared to the baseline scenario.
	3.9 By 2030, substantially reduce the number of deaths and illnesses from hazardous chemicals and air, water and soil pollution and contamination.	Perceived air quality Surveys will be carried out to check on the pollution-related inconveniences (such as smoke levels, itchy eyes and breathing problems) in the project scenario compared to the baseline scenario.
	4.3 By 2030, substantially increase opportunities to ensure inclusive and equitable quality education and promote lifelong learning opportunities for all	Number of people receiving skill development training
	5.4 By 2030, Achieve gender equality and empower all women and girls	The design efficiencies of improved cookstoves allow for shorter mealtimes and reduce the frequency of fuel purchases. This then creates time savings, particularly for women and girls, who provide

SDGs	Targets	Proposed monitoring Indicator
		unrecognized labour associated with fuel collection and meal preparation, creating time that can be used for constructive activities of this group of beneficences training, or community engagement.
	7.1 By 2030, ensure universal access to affordable, reliable, and modern energy services. 7.B By 2030, expand infrastructure and upgrade technology for supplying modern and sustainable energy services for all in developing countries, least developed countries, small island developing States, and land-locked developing countries, in accordance with their respective programmes of support	Number of sold/distributed ICS in use The total number of ICS sold/distributed is summed up in the database
	8.5 By 2030, achieve full and productive employment and decent work for all women and men, including for young people and persons with disabilities, and equal pay for work of equal value.	Number of jobs created
	13.3 Improve education, awareness-raising and human and institutional capacity on climate change mitigation, adaptation, impact reduction and early warning.	CO2 emission reductions achieved by the project activity

SDGs	Targets	Proposed monitoring Indicator
	15.3 By 2030, Protect, restore, and promote sustainable use of terrestrial ecosystems, sustainably manage forests, combat desertification, and halt and reverse land degradation and halt biodiversity loss	Reduction in charcoal and firewood. Surveys and monitoring of charcoal and firewood consumption trends in project households compared to baseline households to assess impact on forest resources.

Stakeholders' sustainable development assessment was fully in line with ECC's own assessment. In terms of the monitoring of the sustainable development indicators, the stakeholders did not have other comments or suggestions related to the monitoring of the sustainable development indicators. They agreed to proceed with the indicators selected by ECC.

CONTACT US:

If you wish to get in touch with the project for more information, please contact us at:

	Method Chosen (include all known details e.g. location of book, phone, number, identity of mediator)	Justification of Choice (best practice)
Continuous Input / Grievance Expression Process Book (mandatory)	1. BURN Manufacturing, Ruiru Office - Ruiru Business Park (RBP) factory office, Lat -1.145716, long 36.950604	The stakeholders were pleased to have an input book opened at the office in Ruiru. Complaints or any other concerns can be stated and will also be filed in the Ruiru office.
GS Contact (mandatory)	help@goldstandard.org	Mandatory for Gold Standard Projects
Telephone access (optional)	Toll Free Number; 0800 721 337 SMS: 22876 WhatsApp: +254768473017	The phone number of BURN Kenyan offices were made known to all project beneficiaries
Internet/email access (optional)	info@burnmfg.com	BURN email address will be made known to all project beneficiaries

SWAHILI VERSION

MUHTASARI WA MKUTANO WA USHAURI NA WADAU WA NDANI NCHINI KENYA ULIOFANYWA KATI YA TAREHE 14 APRILI NA 18 SEPTEMBER 2026 NA ECOA CLIMATE CAPITAL

UTANGULIZI

ECO Climate Capital (ECC) inawaalika wadau kupitia matokeo ya Mashauriano ya Wadau wa Ndani yaliyofanyika kuanzia tarehe 14 Septemba 2026 hadi 18 Septemba 2026 katika Kaunti za Nairobi, Kisumu na Mombasa nchini Kenya.

Wakati wa mikutano hiyo ya wadau, ECC ilitambulisha Shughuli zake za Mradi wa Kaboni wa Majiko Safi, unaohusisha usambazaji wa majiko yaliyoboreshwa yenye ufanisi mkubwa wa matumizi ya nishati katika Jamhuri ya Kenya.

Shughuli hizi za Hiari za Mradi (Voluntary Project Activities - VPAs) zitajumuishwa chini ya Mpango wa Shughuli (Programme of Activities - PoA) wa Gold Standard unaojulikana kama: **“ECC_Multi-country Electric Clean Cooking Programme”**

MUHTASARI WA MIKUTANO

Usajili

Washiriki waliwasili na kuombwa kusaini orodha ya mahudhurio. Washiriki ambao hawakuweza kuhudhuria mkutano ana kwa ana walishiriki mtandaoni kupitia kiungo cha Zoho ambacho kilikuwa kimesambazwa mapema.

Maneno ya Karibu

Washiriki waliohudhuria ana kwa ana walikaribishwa na viongozi wa timu ya ECC katika mikutano yote. Utambulisho wa washiriki waliokuwepo ulifanyika kwa washiriki wa mikutano ya ana kwa ana pamoja na wale walioungana mtandaoni.

Lengo la mkutano pamoja na ajenda yake vilielezwa kwa washiriki.

Uwasilishaji wa Mradi

Wafanyakazi wa ECC walianza uwasilishaji kwa kueleza mradi kwa kina. Walitoa maelezo ya jumla kuhusu ECC, malengo makuu ya programu na manufaa yake kwa jamii za wenyeji, pamoja na teknolojia ya majiko yaliyoboreshwa (Improved Cookstoves - ICS) inayotumika katika mradi huo.

Pia walitenga muda wa kuwakumbusha wadau kuhusu mabadiliko ya tabianchi na visababishi vyake, na kwa ufupi walieleza dhana ya mikopo ya kaboni (carbon credits), masoko ya kaboni na maendeleo ya miradi ya kaboni.

Timu ya ECC ilichukua muda kueleza kwa makini kwa wadau kwamba haki za umiliki wa mikopo ya kaboni itakayozalishwa kutokana na matumizi ya majiko hayo zitahamishiwa kwa ECC kama Shirika Linaloratibu na Kusimamia (Coordinating and Managing Entity - CME) mradi mzima.

Ilielezwa kuwa Fomu ya Kuachilia Haki za Kaboni (Carbon Waiver) ni makubaliano rasmi yanayosainiwa na mtumiaji wa mwisho wakati wa kununua jiko. Kwa kusaini Makubaliano haya ya Kuachilia Haki za Kaboni, mtumiaji wa mwisho anakubali kuachia madai yake yoyote juu ya Upunguzaji wa Uzalishaji wa Hewa Chafu uliothibitishwa (Verified Emission Reductions - VERs) unaotokana na matumizi ya jiko hilo.

Sababu za utaratibu huo pamoja na namna ambayo ECC itatumia mapato yatokanayo na uuzaji wa mikopo ya kaboni zilielezwa kwa uwazi wakati wa uwasilishaji katika mikutano ya Mashauriano ya Wadau wa Ndani (LSC).

Kipindi cha Maswali na Majibu

Wadau waliuliza maswali mengi kuhusu bei ya majiko yaliyoboreshwa (ICS) na ubora wake, pamoja na muda unaotarajiwa wa utekelezaji wa mradi na mipango ya usambazaji wa majiko hayo.

Pia walionyesha shauku kubwa kuhusu ushirikishwaji wa jamii, hususan ushiriki wa wanawake katika mradi huo.

Wadau pia walisisitiza umuhimu wa kuhakikisha kuwa majiko yanafikia watu wanaoishi katika makazi yasiyo rasmi, kubaini njia za kuwafikia vikundi vya wanawake vilivyojipanga, na kuweka utaratibu unaowawezesha kulipia majiko kwa kiasi kidogo kila siku au kila mwezi.

Maswali, maoni na mapendekezo yote yaliyotolewa na wadau yalijibiwa kikamilifu na kwa njia ya kuridhisha na waendelezaji wa mradi.

Uwasilishaji wa Kanuni za Ulinzi na Tathmini ya Uendeleu wa Mradi

Wafanyakazi wa ECC walieleza Kanuni za Ulinzi (Safeguarding Principles) za mradi na tathmini iliyofanywa kuhusiana nazo. Wadau waliendelea kushirikishwa katika mjadala wa wazi kwa kutoa maoni, mapendekezo na mrejesho kuhusu masuala yaliyowasilishwa.

Mkutano uliendelea kwa uwasilishaji kuhusu Malengo ya Maendeleo Endelevu (SDGs) na athari chanya zinazotarajiwa kutokana na mradi katika kufanikisha baadhi ya malengo hayo muhimu.

Washiriki walikubaliana na matokeo ya tathmini iliyowasilishwa na hawakuwa na maoni au mapendekezo ya ziada.

Aidha, wafanyakazi wa ECC waliwasilisha utaratibu wa kushughulikia malalamiko (grievance mechanism) pamoja na kueleza jinsi athari za maendeleo endelevu zitakavyofuatiliwa na kutathminiwa katika kipindi chote cha utekelezaji wa mradi.

Kufungwa kwa Mkutano

Baada ya shughuli za uwasilishaji na majadiliano kukamilika, fomu za tathmini zilisambazwa kwa washiriki ili kutoa mrejesho wao kuhusu mkutano.

Timu ya ECC ilitoa shukrani zake za dhati kwa washiriki wote waliohudhuria mkutano na kwa mchango wao wa mawazo, maoni na mapendekezo yenye kujenga yaliyosaidia kuboresha uelewa wa mradi.

Mkutano ulihitimishwa kwa maonesho ya matumizi ya Jiko la Umeme la Induction la ECOA, ambapo washiriki walipata fursa ya kuona namna teknolojia hiyo inavyofanya kazi na manufaa yake katika kupikia kwa njia safi na yenye ufanisi.

MAONI YALIYOPOKELEWA WAKATI WA MKUTANO WA WADAU

Jinsia ya Mdau	Maoni ya Mdau	Je, maoni yalizingatiwa? (Ndiyo/Hapana)	Maelezo (Kwa nini? Vipi?)
Mwanaume	Je, IDC hutumia kilowati ngapi kwa siku?	Ndiyo	IDC ina kiwango cha matumizi ya umeme cha 200W–2,000W . Kwa matumizi ya kiwango cha juu cha nguvu, IDC hutumia 2kWh kwa saa . Matumizi ya kila siku hutegemea jinsi IDC inavyotumika. Watumiaji wa mwisho wanashauriwa kutumia zaidi viwango vya chini na vya kati vya nguvu ili kuhakikisha matumizi bora ya umeme.
Mwanaume	Ikiwa nilinunua jiko na kuhamia eneo jingine, je, nitapata msaada katika eneo langu jipya?	Ndiyo	Ndiyo, unaweza kutumia jiko hilo mahali popote, si lazima katika eneo ambalo ulilinunua. Pia, utapata msaada katika eneo lako jipya. Hii ni kwa sababu mradi unatekelezwa nchini kote katika maeneo ya mijini na pembezoni mwa miji.

Jinsia ya Mdau	Maoni ya Mdau	Je, maoni yalizingatiwa? (Ndiyo/Hapana)	Maelezo (Kwa nini? Vipi?)
Mwanamke	Nini hutokea umeme unapokatika wakati ninapika kwa kutumia IDC? Je, itaendelea kupika au itazimika?	Ndiyo	IDC hutumia umeme kufanya kazi. Umeme unapokatika, IDC pia huzima . Teknolojia yake mahiri huwezesha IDC kutambua pia umeme wa volteji ya juu na volteji ya chini , ili kuhakikisha hitilafu za umeme hazisababishi hatari kwa usalama wa watumiaji.
Mwanamke	Zaidi ya mikopo ya kaboni, mradi unapimaje athari zake kwa njia nyingine?	Ndiyo	Mradi unachangia katika Malengo 8 kati ya 17 ya Umoja wa Mataifa ya Maendeleo Endelevu (SDGs). Baadhi ya viashiria vinavyopimwa ni pamoja na kupungua kwa gharama za mafuta ya kupikia, kupungua kwa muda wa kupika, na kuboreshwa kwa afya, miongoni mwa vingine. Data ya ubora na ya kiasi inayokusanywa kutoka kwa watumiaji wa mwisho inaonyesha manufaa mbalimbali wanayopata kutokana na matumizi ya jiko.
Mwanaume	Je, jiko la Induction hutumia nishati ya jua?	Ndiyo	Jiko la induction lenyewe halitumii nishati ya jua moja kwa moja ; linafanya kazi kwa kutumia umeme unaotolewa kupitia mfumo wa umeme wa kaya. Hivyo, kaya zinazotumia nishati ya jua zinaweza kuhitaji inverter ili kubadilisha umeme wa Direct Current (DC) unaozalishwa na mfumo wa jua kuwa umeme wa Alternating Current (AC) unaoweza kutumiwa na jiko.
Mwanamke	Ikiwa nitalipa kwa miezi miwili kisha nikakosa kufanya	Ndiyo	Hapana, gharama ya awali ya IDC haiongezeki endapo utakosa kufanya malipo. Kukosa malipo kunaathiri tu

Jinsia ya Mdau	Maoni ya Mdau	Je, maoni yalizingatiwa? (Ndiyo/Hapana)	Maelezo (Kwa nini? Vipi?)
	malipo, je, gharama itaongezeka?		muda wa kurejesha malipo, ambao huongezeka.
Mwanaume	Je, IDC ya ECOA itakuwa na manufaa na itaendelea kufanya kazi vizuri baada ya miaka 7–10?	Ndiyo	IDC ina muda wa matumizi wa miaka 7–10, na inaweza kudumu hata zaidi ya kipindi hicho kwa sababu watumiaji wa mwisho hupewa dhamana ya mwaka 1 pamoja na huduma za ukarabati kupitia timu ya huduma kwa wateja ya BURN na vituo vya huduma vilivyo katika maeneo mbalimbali.
Mwanamke	Je, watumiaji wa mwisho hufundishwa jinsi ya kushughulikia jiko iwapo litapata hitilafu?	Ndiyo	Watumiaji wa mwisho hupokea aina mbalimbali za mafunzo na maelekezo, ikiwa ni pamoja na taarifa zinazotolewa wakati wa kununua jiko, vipeperushi, mitandao ya kijamii, na ziara za majumbani. Iwapo watakumbana na changamoto yoyote, wanaweza kuwasiliana na huduma kwa wateja kupitia mawasiliano wanayopewa ili kupata msaada.
Mwanamke	Je, IoT hukusanya data gani? Je, hukusanya taarifa zozote za kibinafsi na hutumikaje?	Ndiyo	Sensor hukusanya data kuhusu matumizi ya jiko. Inaweza kutambua kila wakati ambapo kuna shughuli ya kupika na kurekodi muda uliotumika kupika pamoja na kiwango cha umeme kilichotumika. Sensor haikusanyi taarifa za kibinafsi, na data hiyo haishirikishwi hadharani.
Mwanamke	Je, ninaweza kupata sufuria zaidi kwa ajili ya IDC?	Ndiyo	Ndiyo, unaweza kununua sufuria za ziada kwa ajili ya IDC kutoka BURN au kwa wauzaji wengine wanaouza

Jinsia ya Mdau	Maoni ya Mdau	Je, maoni yalizingatiwa? (Ndiyo/Hapana)	Maelezo (Kwa nini? Vipi?)
			sufuria zinazofaa kutumika kwenye jiko la induction (ferromagnetic).
Mwanaume	Upikaji kwa kutumia umeme si jambo jipya; mmefanya nini tofauti katika bidhaa yenu?	Ndiyo	Jiko la induction la ECOA linatumia teknolojia mahiri inayomwezesha mtumiaji wa mwisho kurekebisha mipangilio ya upishi kupitia paneli ya kuonyesha taarifa. Lina vipengele vya usalama vilivyoboreshwa, kama vile mfumo wa kufunga jiko kwa usalama wa watoto (child lock). Watumiaji wa mwisho wanaweza kufuatilia matumizi yao na kiwango cha umeme walichotumia kupitia programu ya My ECOA. Pia, mfumo wa kulipia kadri unavyopika (Pay as you cook) hufanya jiko kuwa nafuu na kufikika kwa watumiaji.
Mwanamke	Mnawezaje kuthibitisha kuwa kanuni za ulinzi zinatekelezwa kwa vitendo na si kwenye nyaraka pekee?	Ndiyo	Mradi utazingatia kanuni za ulinzi, na utekelezaji wake utathibitishwa na chombo huru cha nje cha uhakiki kilichoidhinishwa.
Mwanaume	Je, mimi kama mfanyabiashara ninaweza kushirikiana na ECOA kuuza bidhaa hizi?	Ndiyo	Ndiyo, unaweza kushirikiana na ECOA kuwa msambazaji wa bidhaa za ECOA. Wasiliana kupitia mawasiliano yaliyotolewa kwa maelekezo zaidi.
Mwanamke	Je, nitalipa kiasi gani cha amana na malipo ya kila siku ya mfumo wa Kulipa Kadri Unavyopika (Pay as	Ndiyo	Bei ya sasa inajumuisha amana ya Ksh 1,500 na malipo ya kila siku ya Ksh 60 kwa kipindi cha miezi 6. Hata hivyo, bei zinaweza kubadilika kadri muda unavyopita, na taarifa kuhusu mabadiliko ya bei

Jinsia ya Mdau	Maoni ya Mdau	Je, maoni yalizingatiwa? (Ndiyo/Hapana)	Maelezo (Kwa nini? Vipi?)
	you cook) ni kiasi gani?		hushirikishwa kupitia njia mbalimbali za mawasiliano.
Mwanamke	Je, mradi wa kaboni utawafikia pia watu wanaoishi katika makazi yasiyo rasmi ambao ndio wenye uhitaji mkubwa wa jiko hili?	Ndiyo	Ndiyo, mradi utawafikia watumiaji wote wanaoweza kunufaika katika maeneo ya mijini na pembezoni mwa miji, ikiwemo wale wanaoishi katika makazi yasiyo rasmi. Hii itawawezesha kuhamia kutoka kwa matumizi ya mafuta ya jadi ya mimea na nishati ya visukuku na kupata fursa ya kutumia majiko safi na yenye ufanisi.

MUHTASARI WA TATHMINI YA KANUNI ZA ULINZI

Ilielezwa wakati wa mkutano kwamba lengo la mradi ni kusambaza majiko safi ya kupikia yenye ufanisi mkubwa, ambayo yatafunguza kiwango cha mkaa na kuni kinachotumiwa na kaya. Kupitia hatua hii, mradi utakuwa na athari chanya za kijamii, kiuchumi na kimazingira. Mradi utazingatia kanuni zote za ulinzi kama zilizvyelezwa katika jedwali hapa chini:

Kanuni ya Ulinzi	Tathmini
Haki za Binadamu	Mradi unaheshimu haki za binadamu zinazotambuliwa kimataifa na hautahusika katika ukatili au ukiukaji wa haki za binadamu wa aina yoyote , kama ilivyoainishwa katika Tamko la Ulimwengu la Haki za Binadamu. Mradi hautabagua katika masuala ya ushiriki na ujumuishaji.
Usawa wa Kijinsia na Haki za Wanawake	Shughuli za mradi hazikubali aina yoyote ya ubaguzi kwa misingi ya jinsia. Mradi utazingatia majukumu ya kijinsia pamoja na uwezo wa wanawake na wanaume kushiriki katika ufanyaji wa maamuzi na uundaji

	wa shughuli za mradi. Itahakikishwa kuwa wanawake, vyama/vikundi vya wanawake na wanaume wataalikwa kwenye mashauriano ya wadau, ili kuwepo na uwakilishi unaofaa wa jinsia zote katika mkutano wa mashauriano ya wadau wa eneo husika.
Afya ya Jamii, Usalama na Mazingira ya Kazi	Mradi hautaiweka jamii katika hatari za kiafya zilizoongezeka , wala hautaathiri vibaya afya ya wafanyakazi na jamii.
Urithi wa Utamaduni, Watu wa Asili, Uhamishaji na Makazi Mapya	Shughuli za mradi hazitakuwa na athari yoyote hasi kwa urithi wa utamaduni au watu wa asili , wala hazitasababisha uhamishaji au kuwahamisha watu kutoka makazi yao.
Ufisadi	Mradi hauhusishi, hauhusishwi, wala hauchangii kwa njia ya moja kwa moja au isiyo ya moja kwa moja katika ufisadi , wala hauungi mkono au kuendeleza miradi yenye vitendo vya ufisadi.
Athari za Kiuchumi	Mradi utaheshimu haki zote za wafanyakazi. Hakuna athari mbaya za kiuchumi zinazotarajiwa kutokana na shughuli za mradi. Kinyume chake, inatarajiwa kuwa mradi utachangia katika ukuaji endelevu wa uchumi.
Hali ya Hewa na Nishati	Mradi utapunguza uzalishaji wa gesi chafuzi (GHG) , ambao utafuatiliwa na kuthibitishwa kwa mujibu wa mahitaji ya kiwango cha kaboni.
Maji	Mradi hautabadilisha mtiririko au mifumo ya asili ya maji , wala hautasababisha mmomonyoko wa ziada wa udongo au kuyumbisha vyanzo vya maji.
Mazingira, Ikolojia na Matumizi ya Ardhi	Mradi hautakuwa na athari hasi kwa mazingira na ikolojia , wala hautahusisha

	matumizi ya ardhi na udongo kwa ajili ya uzalishaji wa mazao au bidhaa nyingine. Uzalishaji wa chembechembe (particulate matter) na monoksidi ya kaboni utapungua kwa kiasi kikubwa kutokana na matumizi ya majiko yaliyoboreshwa na yenye ufanisi zaidi .
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Mchakato wa tathmini ulikuwa wa kushirikisha na kuhusisha wadau kikamilifu. Wadau walikubaliana kikamilifu na tathmini iliyofanywa na ECC.

MUHTASARI WA TATHMINI YA UENDELEVU

Mradi huu unalenga kuchangia katika Malengo mbalimbali ya Maendeleo Endelevu (SDGs) kwa njia zifuatazo:

SDGs	Malengo	Kiashiria Kinachopendekezwa cha Ufuatiliaji
	1.4 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kuhakikisha kuwa wanaume na wanawake wote, wakiwemo watu maskini na walio katika mazingira hatarishi, wanapata haki sawa za kupata rasilimali za kiuchumi, pamoja na upatikanaji wa huduma za msingi, umiliki na udhibiti wa ardhi na aina nyingine za mali, urithi, rasilimali za asili, teknolojia mpya zinazofaa, na huduma za kifedha, ikiwemo huduma za mikopo midogo (microfinance).	Akiba ya fedha inayohusiana na ununuzi wa mkaa. Tafiti zitafuliwa ili kutathmini kiasi cha fedha kinachotumika kununua mkaa katika hali ya mradi, ikilinganishwa na kiasi kilichokuwa kinatumika katika hali ya msingi (baseline).
	3.9 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kupunguza kwa kiasi kikubwa idadi ya vifo na magonjwa yanayotokana na kemikali hatarishi pamoja na uchafuzi na uharibifu wa hewa, maji na udongo.	Ubora wa hewa unaotambuliwa na watumiaji. Tafiti zitafuliwa ili kutathmini usumbufu unaohusiana na uchafuzi wa mazingira, kama vile kiwango cha moshi, kuwashwa kwa macho na

SDGs	Malengo	Kiashiria Kinachopendekezwa cha Ufuatiliaji
		matatizo ya kupumua, katika hali ya mradi. ikilinganishwa na hali ya msingi (baseline).
	4.3 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kuongeza kwa kiasi kikubwa fursa za kupata elimu bora, jumuishi na yenye usawa, pamoja na kukuza fursa za kujifunza na kuendeleza maarifa na ujuzi kwa maisha yote kwa watu wote. Idadi ya watu	Idadi ya watu wanaopokea mafunzo ya kukuza ujuzi.
	5.4 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kufikia usawa wa kijinsia na kuwawezesha wanawake na wasichana wote.	Ufanisi wa muundo wa majiko yaliyoboreshwa ya kupikia huwezesha kupunguza muda wa kuandaa chakula na kupunguza mara kwa mara kwa ununuzi wa mafuta ya kupikia. Hii huleta akiba ya muda, hasa kwa wanawake na wasichana, ambao hufanya kazi zisizotambuliwa zinazohusiana na ukusanyaji wa mafuta ya kupikia na uandaaji wa chakula. Muda huo unaweza kutumika kwa shughuli zenye manufaa, kama vile mafunzo au ushiriki katika shughuli za jamii kwa kundi hili la wanufaika.

SDGs	Malengo	Kiashiria Kinachopendekezwa cha Ufuatiliaji
	7.1 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kuhakikisha upatikanaji wa wote wa huduma za nishati zilizo nafuu, za kuaminika na za kisasa. 7.B Kufikia mwaka 2030, kupanua miundombinu na kuboresha teknolojia kwa ajili ya utoaji wa huduma za nishati za kisasa na endelevu kwa wote katika nchi zinazoendelea, nchi zilizo na maendeleo duni zaidi, Nchi Zinazoendelea za Visiwa Vidogo, na nchi zinazoendelea zisizo na mwambao wa bahari, kwa kuzingatia programu zao husika za msaada.	Idadi ya majiko safi ya kupikia (ICS) yaliyouzwa/kusambazwa na yanayotumika. Jumla ya majiko safi ya kupikia (ICS) yaliyouzwa/kusambazwa huhesabiwa na kurekodiwa katika kanzidata.
	8.5 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kufikia ajira kamili na yenye tija pamoja na ajira zenye staha kwa wanawake na wanaume wote, wakiwemo vijana na watu wenye ulemavu, na kuhakikisha malipo sawa kwa kazi yenye thamani sawa.	Idadi ya ajira zilizozalishwa
	13.3 Kuboresha elimu, uhamasishaji na uwezo wa watu binafsi na taasisi kuhusu kukabiliana na mabadiliko ya tabianchi, kuzoea athari zake, kupunguza athari zake na mifumo ya tahadhari ya mapema.	Upunguzaji wa uzalishaji wa CO₂ unaopatikana kutokana na shughuli za mradi.

SDGs	Malengo	Kiashiria Kinachopendekezwa cha Ufuatiliaji
	15.3 Kufikia mwaka 2030, kulinda, kurejesha na kukuza matumizi endelevu ya mifumo ikolojia ya nchi kavu, kusimamia misitu kwa njia endelevu, kukabiliana na kuenea kwa hali ya jangwa, kusitisha na kurekebisha uharibifu wa ardhi, na kusitisha upotevu wa bayoanuwai.	Kupungua kwa matumizi ya kuni na mkaa Tafiti na ufuatiliaji wa mabadiliko ya matumizi ya kuni katika kaya za mradi utafanywa na kulinganishwa na kaya za msingi (baseline), ili kutathmini athari za mradi katika rasilimali za misitu.

Tathmini ya maendeleo endelevu iliyofanywa na wadau iliendana kikamilifu na tathmini iliyofanywa na ECC. Kuhusu ufuatiliaji wa viashiria vya maendeleo endelevu, wadau hawakuwa na maoni au mapendekezo mengine yanayohusiana na ufuatiliaji wa viashiria hivyo. Walikubaliana kuendelea na viashiria vilivyochaguliwa na ECC.

WASILIANE NASI:

Iwapo ungependa kuwasiliana na mradi kwa maelezo zaidi, tafadhali wasiliana nasi kupitia:

	Mbinu Iliyochaguliwa <i>(jumuisha maelezo yote yanayojulikana, kama vile mahali kitabu kilipo, nambari ya simu, utambulisho wa mpatanishi)</i>	Sababu ya Uchaguzi <i>(mbinu bora)</i>
Kitabu cha Mchakato Endelevu wa Kuwasilisha Maoni / Malalamiko (Lazima)	1. BURN Manufacturing, Ruiru Office - Ruiru Business Park (RBP) factory office, Lat -1.145716, long 36.950604	Wadau walifurahishwa na uamuzi wa kufungua daftari la kutoa maoni katika ofisi ya Ruiru. Malalamiko, maoni, au wasiwasi wowote unaweza kuwasilishwa na kurekodiwa katika ofisi ya Ruiru kwa ajili ya kufuatiliwa na kushughulikiwa ipasavyo.
Mawasiliano ya Gold Standard (Lazima)	help@goldstandard.org	Lazima kwa Miradi ya Gold Standard.
Upatikanaji wa Mawasiliano kwa Simu (Si lazima)	Nambari ya Simu ya Bure (Toll-Free Number): 0800 721 337 SMS: 22876 WhatsApp: +254768473017	Nambari za simu za ofisi za BURN nchini Kenya zilitolewa kwa wanufaika wote wa mradi.
Upatikanaji wa Mawasiliano kwa Intaneti/Barua Pepe (Si lazima)	info@burnmfg.com	Anwani ya barua pepe ya BURN itatolewa kwa wanufaika wote wa mradi.